AP US History Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Progressive Reform Mixer

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| **Theodore Roosevelt** | President who supported breaking up trusts and conserving natural resources through the creation of national parks |
| **John Muir** | Environmental preservationist who influenced Teddy Roosevelt. He favored the creation of national parks. |
| **Gilford Pinchot** | American forester and first Chief of the US Forest Service. He advocated for the scientific and sustainable usage of natural resources. |
| **Alice Paul** | Leader of the National Women’s Party. She consistently pressured President Wilson to demand women the right to vote. |
| **Carrie Chapman Catt** | Leader of NAWSA. She pushed for a state by state approach where women gained the right to vote. |
| **Jane Addams** | Founder of Hull House and symbol of the Social Gospel movement, she led the settlement house movement. |
| **Charlotte Perkins Gilman** | A prominent American feminist who wrote about postpartum depression |
| **Upton Sinclair** | Writer of “The Jungle.” He advocated for better working conditions for Chicago slaughterhouse workers as well as improved sanitation |
| **Margaret Sanger** | An advocate for women’s health, she supported contraception and birth control as a means to empower women |
| **Eugene Debs** | Labor union activists and socialist candidate who ran for president 5 times |
| **Mary ‘Mother’ Jones** | She was a school teacher and labor union activist who co-founded the Industrial Workers of the World labor union |
| **Robert Lafollete** | Wisconsin governor who supported minimum wage, dismantling trusts, and the direct election of senators |
| **Ida Tarbell** | One of the leading muckrakers who pioneered modern investigative journalism. She exposed many of the corrupt practices of John D. Rockefeller |
| **Ida B. Wells** | Advocate for women’s rights and suffrage as well as a staunch anti-lynching crusader |
| **W.E.B. Du Bois** | Civil rights activists and leader of the Niagara movement. He criticized gradualism and racial accommodation. |
| **Samuel Gompers** | He founded the American Federation of Labor |
| **John Dewey** | Supporter and advocate for a progressive education |
| **“Big Bill” Haywood** | Socialist leader of the IWW or ‘Wobblies’ |
| **Helen Keller** | The first blind-deaf person to earn a bachelor of arts degree . She championed women’s suffrage, socialism, and worker rights. |
| **Carry Nation** | Radical temperance reformer who became famous for attacking saloons by smashing bottles of alcohol with her hatchet. |
| **Jacob Riis** | Muckraking journalist and photographer who famously photographed everyday New York in “How the Other Half Lives” |
| **Woodrow Wilson** | President who signed the income tax, anti-trust legislation, and the 19th Amendment into law |
| **Roger Baldwin** | One of the founding members of the American Civil Liberties Union and had a role in the Scopes ‘Monkey’ Trial. |
| 1. **A. Phillip Randolph** | Civil rights activist who pressured President Truman into desegregating the military |
| **Walter Rauschenbusch** | A key theologian and figure of the social gospel movement |
| **William Howard Taft** | Progressive president who ‘busted’ trusts |
| **Theodore Dreiser** | Wrote *Sister Carrie* which told the story of a young woman’s descent into prostitution in inner-city Chicago |
| **Father John A. Ryan** | Wrote a *Living Wage* where he argued that capitalism should be regulated by morals |
| **Frederick W. Taylor** | Believed in the concept of scientific management that sought to make factory production more efficient |